

PO Box 765, Rapid City SD 57709 Black Hills Celtic Events.org Info@BlackHillsCelticEvents.org

December 2010

Serving the Celtic Communities of: Wales, Isle of Man, Cornwall (England), Galicia (Spain), Brittany (France), Scotland and Ireland

Mark those calendars Upcoming Events

- Dec. 14th 7pm Regular
 Member Meeting/ Elections
 Raben Realty Board Room
 302 Main St. Rapid City
- Dec. 31st Hogmanay 6pm Knight's House
- Jan. 4th 2011 Board Meeting Jim Byrne's Office 2525 W.
 Main Suite 204 Rapid City
- Jan. 22nd Burn's Dinner United Church of Christ

The Hogmany Celebration is a potluck at Knight's home. Warm clothing is a must.



President Jim Byrne

President's Message

Meeting Notes

Office of Jim Byrne 12/7/2010

Meeting was called to order at 7:05 pm by Jim Byrnes. Old minutes were read. No corrections.

Treasurer's Report: \$1864.60 in checking.

Old Business:

The proposed amendment to SIS by-laws to redefine the cadet membership requires a

thirty day notification. Pat Hamilton sent the information by email to SIS members. This will also be included on the voting ballet.

Celtic Connection storage move:

Siaryn Duggan had previously asked SIS for help in moving their stored items to another

area in Celtic Connection's basement during the 6th street remodeling. However, construction will be removing at least 15 ft from her basement and therefore Siaryn has

requested that SIS relocate. Carole Conrad volunteered to call the storage unit that SIS previously used.

New Business:

Elections on 12/14/2010. Pat Hamilton is running for president. Josh Ellis for vice president, Carole Conrad for treasurer, Marlene Wilcox for secretary. Two positions are needed for the board. Susan Kaines, John Burke, and Ron Balster will run.

Hogmanay will be at the Knights house on Dec. 31 starting at 6:00 pm. Potluck. Warm dress required.

Burns Dinner is on January 22 at the United Church of Christ. Board members voted to reduce ticket prices to: \$20 for members and \$25 for non. The committee will be John Burke, Gary Hamilton, and Carole Conrad. Members will bring desserts. \$125.00 has been allotted for the silent auction.

St. Patrick's Day event will be March 12, 2011. The committee will be Pat Hamilton, John Burke, Winnie Balster and Jim Byrne.

Next Board meeting will be Tuesday, January 4, 2011. Member meeting will be Tuesday December 14,2010.

Meeting adjourned at 9:18 pm. Sally Knight, secretary.

ADDENDUM TO DECEMBER 7 BOARD MEETING. December 11, 2010

December 8, Jim Byrne called Bill Knight to request he call other storage units for prices.

December 9-10 Carole Conrad had rented a 10X10 storage unit (The Attic) and gave the key to Siaryn Duggan at Celtic Connection.

Siaryn has requested to recruit members for the move at the next general member meeting.

Date and time will be discussed at the meeting.

Sally Knight, secretary.



May joy be your companion Through each and every day Bringing lots of Irish luck And happiness your way.

Officers

<u>President</u> Jim Byrne

info@BlackHillsCelticEvents.org

<u>Vice President</u> Pat Hamilton

Secretaries Heather Williams & Sally Knight

<u>Treasurer</u> Carole Conrad

<u>Board Members</u> John Duggan, Susan Peterson, Jim Byrne, Bill Knight, Paul Smith & Winnie Balster

Past President John Burke

Web Site Gary Hamilton

Newsletter John Burke jburke67@rap.midco.net

If you would like to contribute an article or story, list an event, submit a photo, etc. to the newsletter, please email the item to me by the

5th of each month.



The Burn's Dinner is going back to its Rapid City roots. The members plan on cooking the meal and the event will be held at the United Church of Christ. Address and instructions to get there will be supplied at a later date.



Supplied by Sally Knight

WREN DAY

Wren day also known as Wren's day,
Hunt the Wren Day or The Hunting of the
Wrens (Irish: Lá an Dreoilín) celebrated on
26 December, St. Stephen's Day, on the Isle
of Man, Ireland, Wales and Newfoundland.
The tradition consists of "hunting" a fake
wren, and putting it on top of a decorated
pole. Then the crowds of mummers or
strawboys celebrate the Wren (also
pronounced as the Wran) by dressing up in
masks, straw suits and colourful motley
clothing and, accompanied by traditional

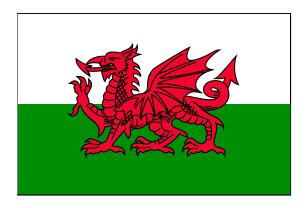
<u>céilí</u> music bands, parade through the towns and villages in remembrance of a festival that was celebrated by the <u>Druids</u>. These crowds are sometimes called **wrenboys**.

HISTORY

In past times, an actual bird was hunted by Wrenboys on St. Stephen's Day. The captured wren was tied to the Wrenboy leader's staff pole, sometimes dead, sometimes alive (to be killed after the parade). The parade song, of which there are many variations, asked for donations from the townspeople. Often, the boys gave a feather from the bird to patrons for good luck. The money was used to host a dance for the town, held that night. The pole, decorated with ribbons, wreaths and flowers, as well as the Wren, was the center of the dance. Over time, the live bird was replaced with a fake one that is hidden, rather than chased. The band of young boys has expanded to include girls, and adults often join in. The money that is collected from the townspeople is usually donated to a school or charity. A celebration is still held around the decorated pole.

Some people [who?] theorise that the Wren celebration has descended from Celtic mythology. Ultimately, the origin may be a Samhain or midwinter sacrifice and/or celebration, as Celtic mythology considered the Wren a symbol of the past year (the European wren is known for its habit of singing even in mid-winter, and sometimes explicitly called "Winter Wren"); Celtic names of the Wren (draouennig, drean, dreathan, dryw etc.) also suggest an association with druidic rituals. The tradition may also have been influenced by Scandinavian settlers during the Viking

invasions of the 8th-10th Centuries. Various associated legends exist, such as a Wren being responsible for betraying Irish soldiers who fought the Viking invaders by beating its wings on their shields, in the late first and early second millennia, and for betraying the Christian martyr Saint Stephen, after whom the day is named. This mythological association with treachery is a possible reason why the bird was hunted by Wrenboys on St. Stephen's Day, and/or why a pagan sacrificial tradition was continued in Christian times. Despite the abandonment of the wren killing practice, devoted Wrenboys continue to ensure that the Gaelic tradition of celebrating the Wren continues





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